

QRATPre+: Effective QBF Preprocessing via Strong Redundancy Properties

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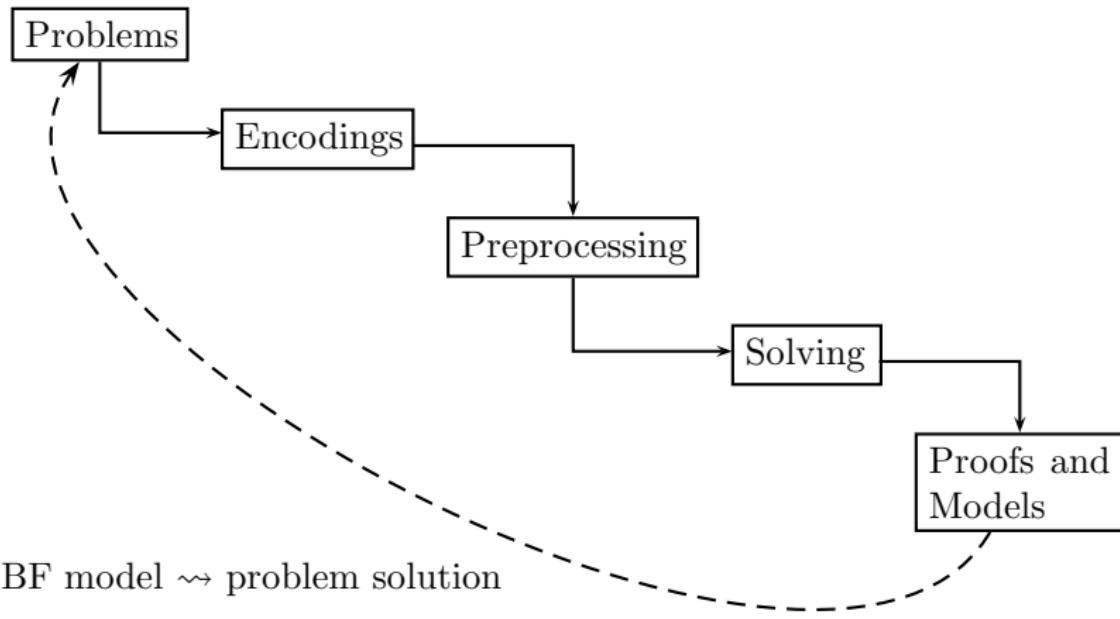
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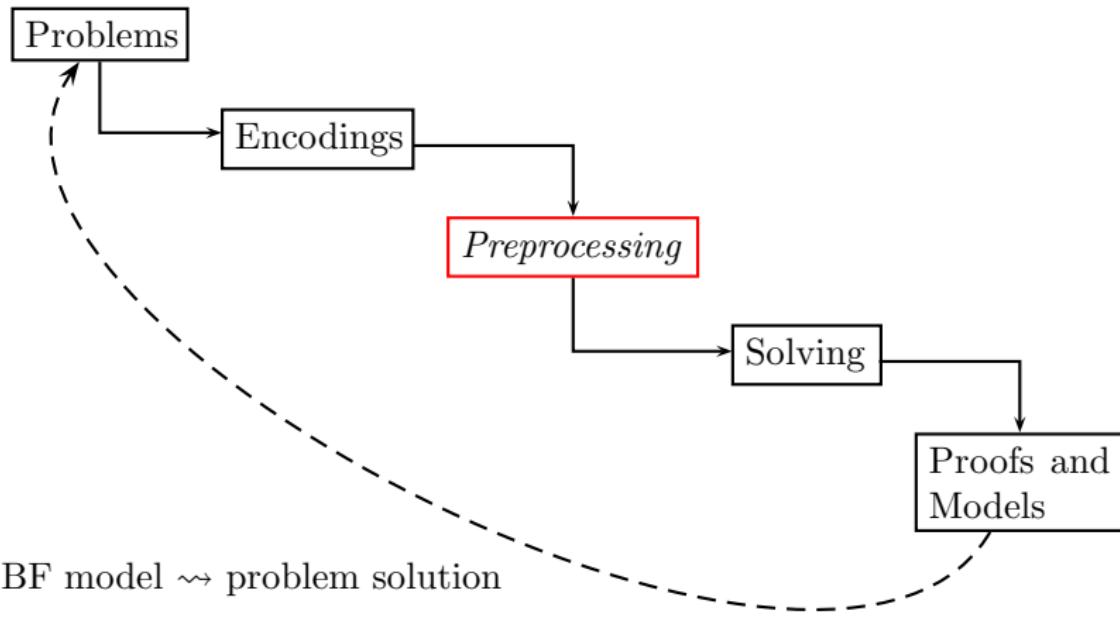
QBF Workflow

- Quantified Boolean formulas in prenex CNF: $\psi := \Pi.\phi$
- Prefix $\Pi := Q_1 B_1 \dots Q_n B_n$, $Q_i \in \{\forall, \exists\}$, variable sets B_i .



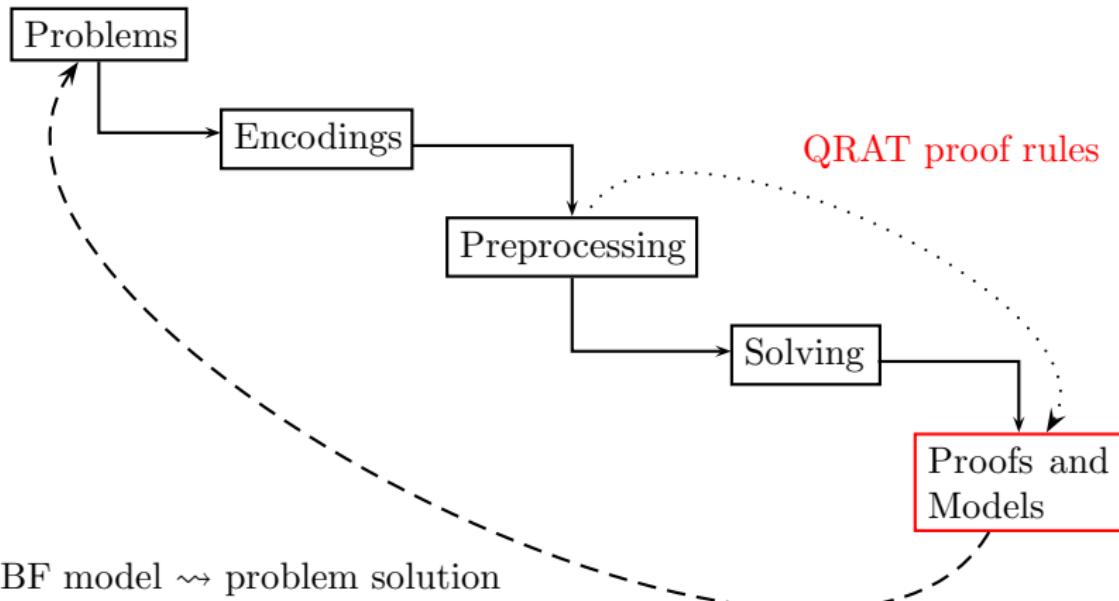
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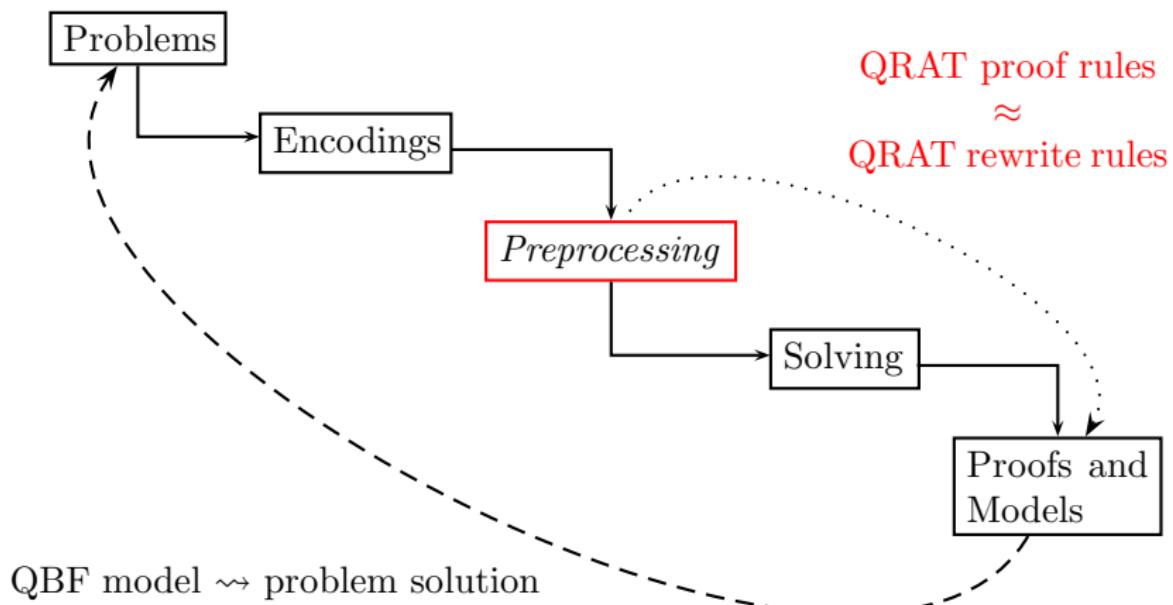
QRAT: Quantified RAT

- Proof system, generalization of (D)RAT from SAT to QBF .
- Proof/model generation in workflows with preprocessing .

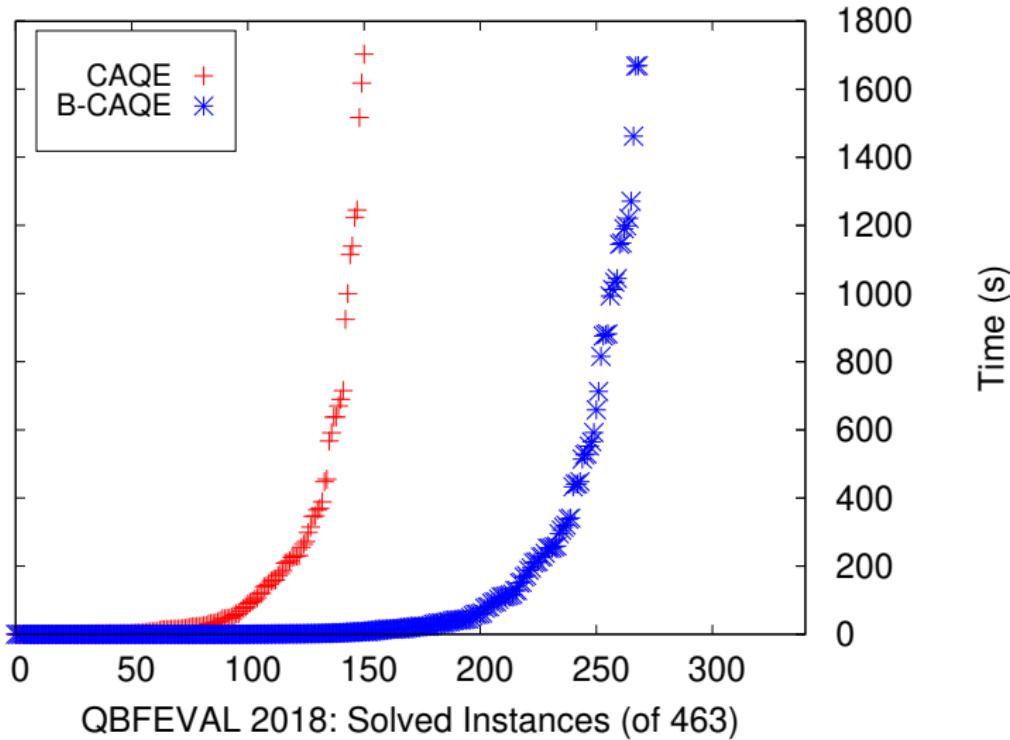


QRAT: Quantified RAT

- QRAT proof rules: based on QBF redundancy property.
- Idea: apply QRAT redundancy property to simplify QBFs.

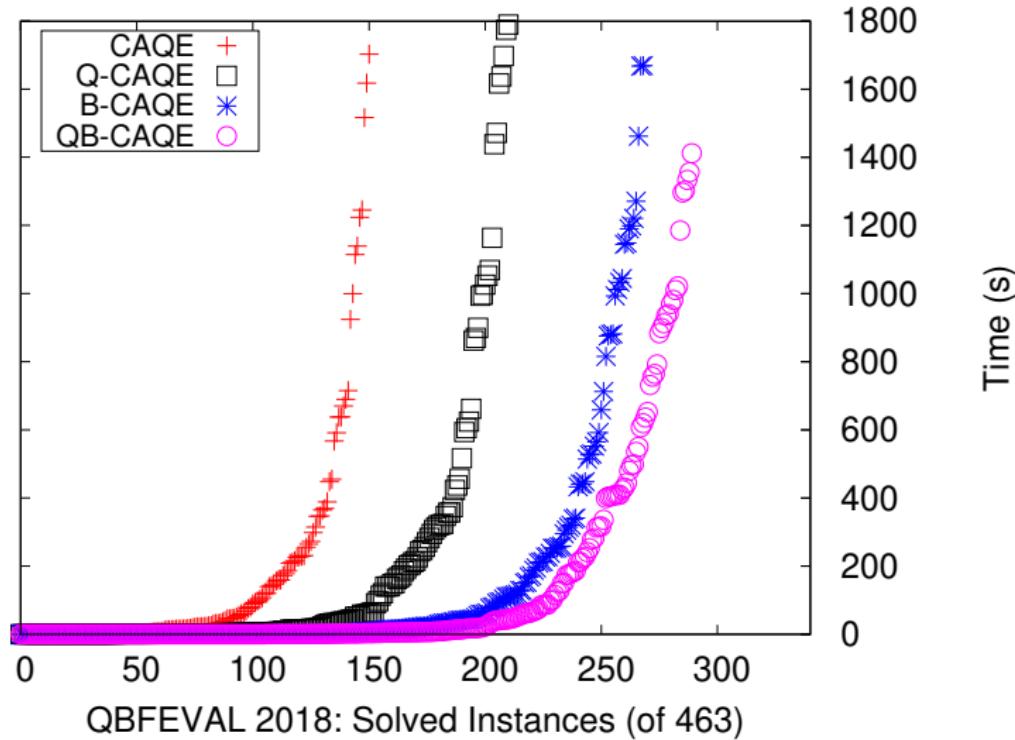


QRATPre+: Improving the Power of Preprocessing



- 2018 winner CAQE with Bloqqer (B): +78% solved.

QRATPre+: Improving the Power of Preprocessing



- Applying QRATPre+ (Q) and Bloqqer (B): +92% solved.

QRAT⁺: Generalization of QRAT

$$\psi := \Pi.(\phi \wedge C) \quad \longrightarrow$$

Inferences checks
wrt. ϕ :
Has C QRAT?

\longrightarrow $\underbrace{\Pi. \phi}_{\text{Deleting } C: \text{interference}}$

Simplifications in Preprocessing: cf. [HK17]

- Equivalence-preserving inference steps: $\Pi.(\phi \wedge D) \equiv \Pi.\phi$.
- Satisfiability-preserving interference steps: $\Pi.(\phi \wedge D) \equiv_{sat} \Pi.\phi$.

QRAT⁺: Generalization of QRAT

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QRAT⁺-based QBF Preprocessing: cf. IJCAR 2018 [LE18]

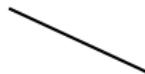
- Generalizes inference checking, leverages structure of prefix Π .
- Poly-time inferences checks by QBF unit propagation.
- More powerful interferences by stronger redundancy property.

Interference Checking in QRAT⁺

$$D_1 = D'_1 \cup \{\bar{l}\} \dots$$

$$D_j = D'_j \cup \{\bar{l}\} \dots$$

$$D_n = D'_n \cup \{\bar{l}\}$$



$$\text{OR}_1 := \text{OR}(C, D_1, \bar{l}) \subset (C \cup D_1)$$

$$i = \max(\text{levels}(\Pi, \text{OR}_1)) = 3$$

$$\Pi = \exists B_1 \forall B_2 \exists B_3 \forall B_4 \exists B_5$$

$$\exists\text{-Abs}(\Pi.\phi, i) := \exists B_1 \exists B_2 \exists B_3 \forall B_4 \exists B_5. \phi$$

Check: $\text{Abs}(\Pi.(\phi \wedge \text{OR}_1), i) \vdash_{\text{IV}} \emptyset?$



$$C = C' \cup \{\bar{l}\}$$

Checking the Resolution Neighborhood (RN):

- RN of $C = C' \cup \{\bar{l}\}$: all possible resolution partners.
- Outer resolvent (OR_i): subsets of actual resolvent of C and D_i .
- QBF unit propagation (\vdash_{IV}) on \exists -abstraction: $\Pi.\phi \stackrel{?}{\equiv} \Pi.(\phi \wedge \text{OR}_i)$.

Interference Checking in QRAT⁺

$$D_1 = D'_1 \cup \{\bar{l}\} \dots$$

$$D_j = D'_j \cup \{\bar{l}\} \dots$$

$$D_n = D'_n \cup \{\bar{l}\}$$

|

$$\text{OR}_j := \text{OR}(C, D_j, \bar{l}) \subset (C \cup D_j)$$

$$i = \max(\text{levels}(\Pi, \text{OR}_j)) = 1$$

$$\Pi = \exists B_1 \forall B_2 \exists B_3 \forall B_4 \exists B_5$$

$$\exists\text{-Abs}(\Pi.\phi, i) := \exists B_1 \forall B_2 \exists B_3 \forall B_4 \exists B_5. \phi$$

$$\text{Check: } \text{Abs}(\Pi.(\phi \wedge \overline{\text{OR}_j}), i) \models_{\text{IV}} \emptyset?$$

|

$$C = C' \cup \{\bar{l}\}$$

Checking the Resolution Neighborhood (RN):

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Interference Checking in QRAT⁺

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$$D_n = D'_n \cup \{\bar{l}\}$$



$$\text{OR}_n := \text{OR}(C, D_n, \bar{l}) \subset (C \cup D_n)$$

$$i = \max(\text{levels}(\Pi, \text{OR}_n)) = 5$$

$$\Pi = \exists B_1 \forall B_2 \exists B_3 \forall B_4 \exists B_5$$

$$\exists\text{-Abs}(\Pi.\phi, i) := \exists B_1 \exists B_2 \exists B_3 \exists B_4 \exists B_5 . \phi$$

Check: $\text{Abs}(\Pi.(\phi \wedge \overline{\text{OR}_n}), i) \models_{\text{IV}} \emptyset?$

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Checking the Resolution Neighborhood (RN):

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Interference Checking in QRAT⁺

$$D_1 = D'_1 \cup \{\bar{l}\} \dots$$

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Check: $\text{Abs}(\Pi.(\phi \wedge \overline{\text{OR}_n}), i) \vdash_{\text{IV}} \emptyset?$

|

$$C = C' \cup \{\bar{l}\}$$

$$\psi := \Pi.(\phi \wedge C) \rightarrow$$

Inference check for all OR_i :

$$\Pi.\phi \equiv \Pi.(\phi \wedge \text{OR}_i) \text{ if }$$

$$\text{Abs}(\Pi.(\phi \wedge \overline{\text{OR}_i}), i) \vdash_{\text{IV}} \emptyset$$

$\overbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}^{C \text{ has QRAT}^+} \overbrace{\Pi.\phi}^{\rightarrow}$

Soundness of Preprocessing by QRAT and QRAT⁺

Theorem ([LE18], cf. [HSB17])

Given a PCNF $\psi := \Pi.(\phi \wedge C)$ with a clause $C = C' \cup \{l\}$.

If clause C has QRAT⁺ on literal l with respect to $\Pi.\phi$ and

- ① $q(l) = \exists$, then $\psi \equiv_{sat} \Pi.\phi$. (add/delete clauses)
- ② $q(l) = \forall$, then $\psi \equiv_{sat} \Pi.(\phi \wedge C')$. (add/delete literals)

- Implementation in QRATPre+: only deletion of clauses/literals.

High-Level Workflow of QRATPre+

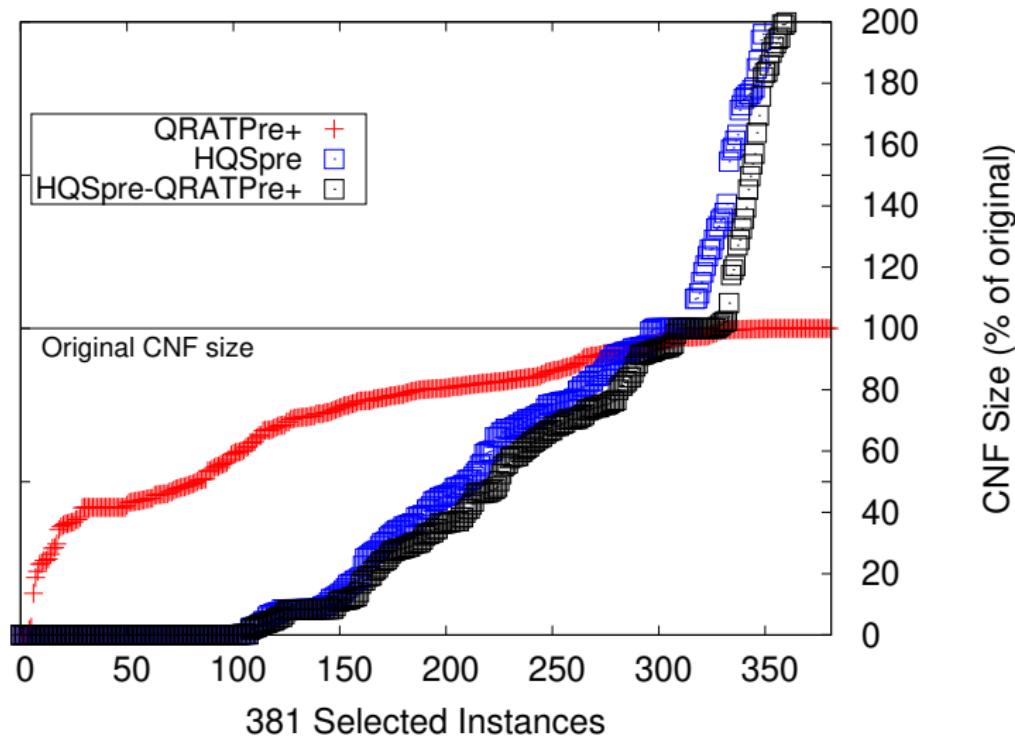
Input: PCNF ψ .

Output: Simplified PCNF ψ' .

```
1  $\psi' = \psi$ ;  
2 do  
3   // clause elimination  
4    $\psi' := \text{QBCE}(\psi')$ ;  
5    $\psi' := \text{QAT}(\psi')$ ;  
6    $\psi' := \text{QRATE}^+(\psi')$ ;  
7   // literal elimination  
8    $\psi' := \text{BLE}(\psi')$ ;  
9    $\psi' := \text{QRATU}^+(\psi')$ ;  
10  while  $\psi'$  changed;
```

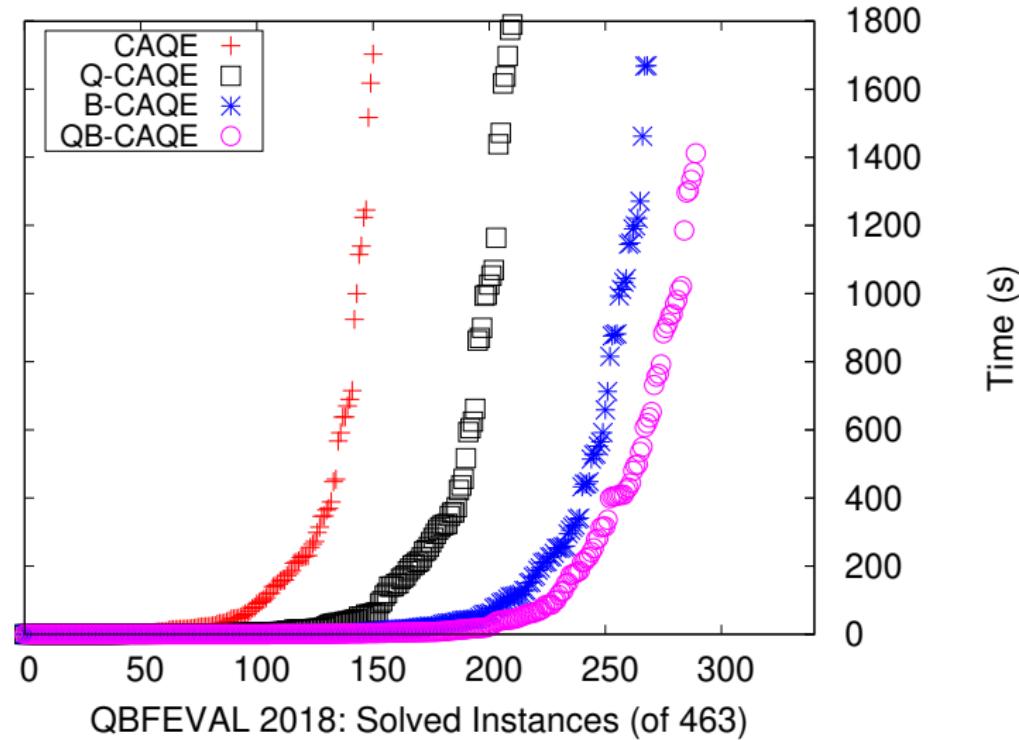
- Checking QRAT⁺ property: poly-time, but potentially expensive.
- Reduce formula by applying “cheap” (weaker) techniques first.
- Watched data structures to avoid re-checking clauses.

Experiments: CNF Size Reduction



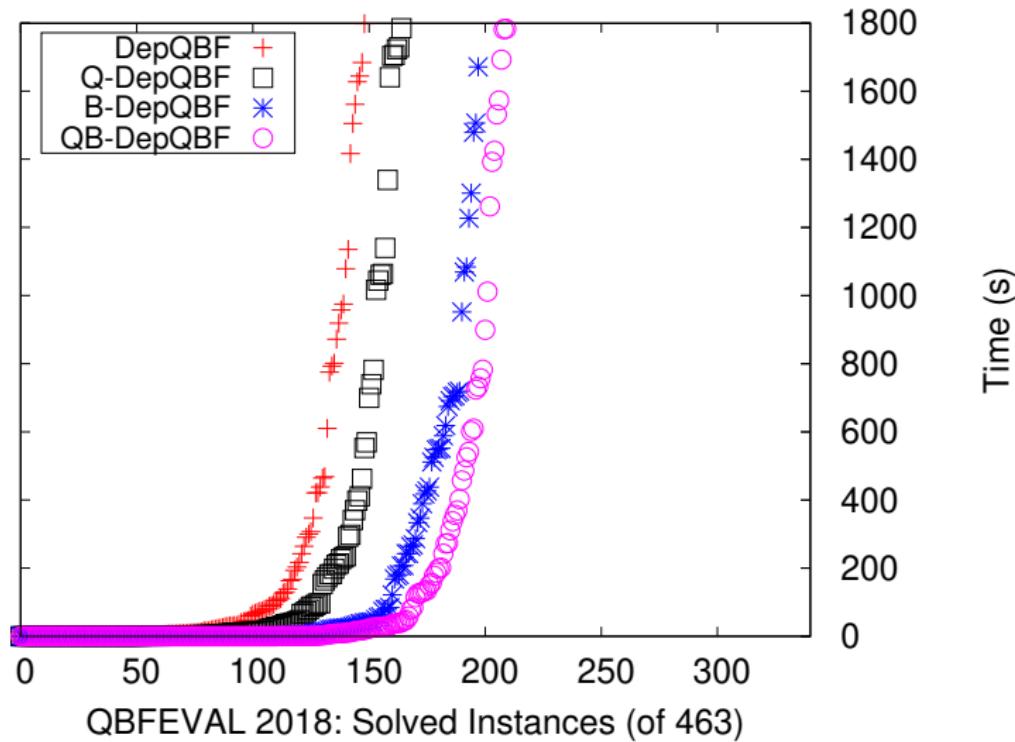
- HQSpre might increase CNF size, QRATPre+ still effective.

Experiments: Different Solving Paradigms



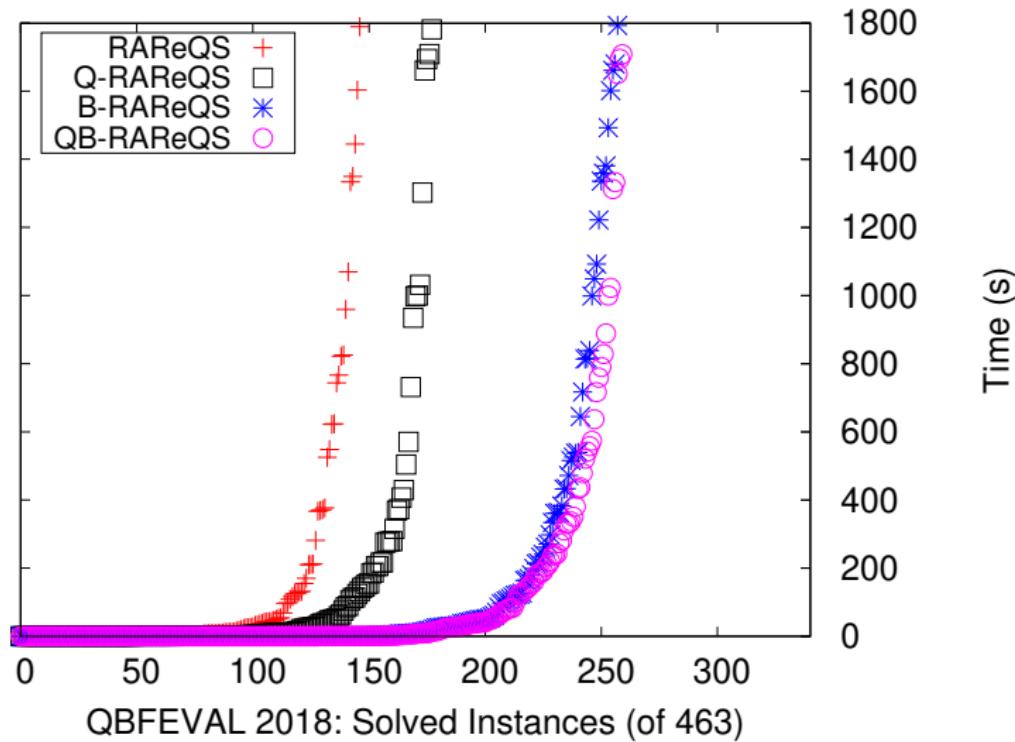
- Only Bloqqer (B)/also QRATPre+ (QB): +78% / +92% solved.

Experiments: Different Solving Paradigms



- Only Bloqqer (B)/also QRATPre+ (QB): +32% / +40% solved.

Experiments: Different Solving Paradigms



- Only Bloqqer (B)/also QRATPre+ (QB): +75% / +76% solved.

Summary

QRATPre+: Effective QBF Preprocessing

- Strong redundancy property based on QRAT⁺.
- Orthogonal to existing preprocessors.
- Improvement of state-of-the-art preprocessing and solving.
- Implementation in C, API for integration in QBF workflows.
- Future work: handling non-confluence, QRAT⁺ proof checking and Skolem function extraction, tentatively adding redundancy.

QRATPre+ source code (GPLv3):

<https://lonsing.github.io/qratpreplus/>

References

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